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Verse(s)	Point(s) of Interpretation
General: phrase	for Bible Quizzing purposes, a <i>phrase</i> is defined as any series of two or more words
General: color coded materials	color coding of materials is intended as an aid to learning only; oversights may occur, and such errors, while regrettable, do not affect the proper classification of an item, and are therefore not a point to be contested
General: pronunciations	pronunciations are provided in this document as a <i>guide</i> for the sake of standardization; alternate pronunciations are allowed so long as the word is recognizable and cannot be reasonably misconstrued with some other word
General: tongue, tongues	"tongue" or "tongues" describing language (Acts 1:19; 2:4, 8, 11; 10:46) or fire (Acts 2:3) will <u>not</u> be considered a body part
Acts 1:4 4 And, being assembled together with them, commanded them that they should not depart from Jerusalem, but wait for the promise of the Father, which, saith he, ye have heard of me.	direct, quoted words of Jesus are "which...ye have heard of me."
Acts 1:7 7 And he said unto them, It is not for you to know the times or the seasons, which the Father hath put in his own power.	more accurately understood as, "It is not for you to know the times or the seasons, which the Father [in his own power] hath put (established or ordained)" "In his own power" then answers HOW, <u>not</u> WHERE
Acts 1:8 8 But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you: and ye shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judaea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth.	Samaria here is the region, not the city
Acts 1:13 13 And when they were come in, they went up into an upper room, where abode both Peter, and James, and John, and Andrew, Philip, and Thomas, Bartholomew, and Matthew, James the son of Alphaeus, and Simon Zelotes, and Judas the brother of James.	13 different men are named, including 11 who were present: "...where abode both Peter [1], and James [2], and John [3], and Andrew [4], Philip [5], and Thomas [6], Bartholomew [7], and Matthew [8], James [9] the son of Alphaeus [10], and Simon Zelotes [11], and Judas [12] the brother of James [13]." Zelotes, pronounced zeh-LOH-tess
Acts 1:18-19 18 Now this man purchased a field with the reward of iniquity; and falling headlong, he burst asunder in the midst, and all his bowels gushed out. 19 And it was known unto all the dwellers at Jerusalem; insomuch as that field is called in their proper tongue, Aceldama, that is to say, The field of blood.	not spoken by Peter, but a brief aside inserted by Luke Aceldama, pronounced ah-KELL-dah-muh
Acts 1:20 20 For it is written in the book of Psalms, Let his habitation be desolate, and let no man dwell therein: and his bishoprick let another take.	Peter combines Psalms 69:25 and 109:8. For Bible Quizzing purposes, the "and" that joins the two quotes <u>will be</u> considered part of what is "written in the book of Psalms," as found in the KJV text.

<p>Acts 1:21-22 KJV 21 Wherefore of these men which have companied with us all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us, 22 Beginning from the baptism of John, unto that same day that he was taken up from us, must one be ordained to be a witness with us of his resurrection.</p>	<p>"us" referring to the apostles whom Jesus had chosen (v.2) or the eleven apostels (v.26)</p>
<p>Acts 2:5 5 And there were dwelling at Jerusalem Jews, devout men, out of every nation under heaven.</p>	<p>only one group of people: Jews, described as "devout men, out of every nation under heaven"</p>
<p>Acts 2:9 9 Parthians, and Medes, and Elamites, and the dwellers in Mesopotamia, and in Judaea, and Cappadocia, in Pontus, and Asia,</p>	<p>8 different groups</p>
<p>Acts 2:10 10 Phrygia, and Pamphylia, in Egypt, and in the parts of Libya about Cyrene, and strangers of Rome, Jews and proselytes,</p>	<p>6 different groups; both "Jews and proselytes" are equally described as "strangers of Rome" 6 geographical locations are named Phrygia, pronounced FRIHJ-yuh Cyrene, pronounced sy-REE-nee</p>
<p>Acts 2:11 11 Cretes and Arabians, we do hear them speak in our tongues the wonderful works of God.</p>	<p>"...we [the multitude, 2:6] do hear them [those speaking with other tongues, the Galileans, 2:7] speak in our tongues [described 2:9-11]..."</p>
<p>Acts 2:23 23 Him, being delivered by the determinate counsel and foreknowledge of God, ye have taken, and by wicked hands have crucified and slain:</p>	<p>"determinate," for Bible Quizzing purposes, describes the "counsel" of God only, not His foreknowledge</p>
<p>Acts 2:24 24 Whom God hath raised up, having loosed the pains of death: because it was not possible that he should be holden of it.</p>	<p>"...not possible that he should be holden of it [death]."</p>
<p>Acts 2:26 26 Therefore did my heart rejoice, and my tongue was glad; moreover also my flesh shall rest in hope:</p>	<p>"tongue" <u>will</u> be considered a body part</p>
<p>Acts 2:30 30 Therefore being a prophet, and knowing that God had sworn with an oath to him, that of the fruit of his loins, according to the flesh, he would raise up Christ to sit on his throne;</p>	<p>"...his [David, 2:29] throne;"</p>
<p>Acts 2:36-37 36 Therefore let all the house of Israel know assuredly, that God hath made that same Jesus, whom ye have crucified, both Lord and Christ. 37 Now when they heard this, they were pricked in their heart, and said unto Peter and to the rest of the apostles, Men and brethren, what shall we do?</p>	<p>"Now when they heard <i>this</i> [v.36]..."</p>
<p>Acts 2:39 39 For the promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call.</p>	<p>the promise is to 4 different groups</p>
<p>Acts 2:46-47 46 And they, continuing daily with one accord in the temple, and breaking bread from house to house, did eat their meat with gladness and singleness of heart, 47 Praising God, and having favour with all the people.</p>	<p>"daily" describes all activities within vv.46-47</p>

And the Lord added to the church daily such as should be saved.	
Acts 3:7 7 And he took him by the right hand, and lifted him up: and immediately his feet and ankle bones received strength.	3 different parts of the body: right hand, feet, ankle bones (<i>bones</i> refers only to <i>ankles</i>)
Acts 3:8 8 And he leaping up stood, and walked, and entered with them into the temple, walking, and leaping, and praising God.	5 <i>different</i> actions: "And he leaping up [1] stood [2], and walked [3], and entered [4] with them into the temple, walking, and leaping, and praising [5] God."
Acts 3:13-15, 17 13 The God of Abraham, and of Isaac, and of Jacob, the God of our fathers, hath glorified his Son Jesus; whom ye delivered up, and denied him in the presence of Pilate, when he was determined to let him go. 14 But ye denied the Holy One and the Just, and desired a murderer to be granted unto you; 15 And killed the Prince of life, whom God hath raised from the dead; whereof we are witnesses. ... 17 And now, brethren, I wot that through ignorance ye did it, as did also your rulers.	"...through ignorance ye did <i>it</i> [Jesus; whom ye delivered up, and denied him in the presence of Pilate, when he was determined to let him go. 14 But ye denied the Holy One and the Just, and desired a murderer to be granted unto you; 15 And killed the Prince of life]"
Acts 3:16 16 And his name through faith in his name hath made this man strong, whom ye see and know: yea, the faith which is by him hath given him this perfect soundness in the presence of you all.	"...the faith which is by <i>him</i> [Jesus]..."
Acts 3:19 19 Repent ye therefore, and be converted, that your sins may be blotted out, when the times of refreshing shall come from the presence of the Lord.	note that in both the Study Guide and Verse Cards, Acts 3:19 concludes with a <u>period</u> , not a semi-colon as additional resources have previously included
Acts 4:3 3 And they laid hands on them, and put them in hold unto the next day: for it was now eventide.	"And they [the priests, and the captain of the temple, and the Sadducees] laid hands on them [Peter and John]..."
Acts 4:12 12 Neither is there salvation in any other: for there is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved.	"in any other" refers to Jesus himself, not His name
Acts 4:26 26 The kings of the earth stood up, and the rulers were gathered together against the Lord, and against his Christ.	understood as, 'against the Lord, and against his Christ, the kings of the earth stood up, and the rulers were gathered together' (see Psalm 2:2)
Acts 4:33 33 And with great power gave the apostles witness of the resurrection of the Lord Jesus: and great grace was upon them all.	contrary to the Study Guide, "...and great grace was upon <i>them all</i> [the apostles]."
Acts 5:1-2 1 But a certain man named Ananias, with Sapphira his wife, sold a possession, 2 And kept back part of the price, his wife also being privy to it, and brought a certain part, and laid it at the apostles' feet.	"...being privy to <i>it</i> [kept back part of the price (of the possession/land)]..."
Acts 5:3-5 3 But Peter said, Ananias, why hath Satan filled thine heart to lie to the Holy Ghost, and to keep back part of the price of the land? 4 Whiles it remained, was it not thine own? and after it was sold, was it not in thine own power? why hast thou conceived this thing in thine heart? thou hast not lied	"...and great fear came on all them that heard <i>these things</i> [Peter said, Ananias, why hath Satan filled thine heart to lie to the Holy Ghost, and to keep back part of the price of the land? 4 Whiles it remained, was it not thine own? and after it was sold, was it not in thine own power? why hast thou conceived this thing in thine heart? thou hast not lied

<p>conceived this thing in thine heart? thou hast not lied unto men, but unto God.</p> <p>5 And Ananias hearing these words fell down, and gave up the ghost: and great fear came on all them that heard these things.</p>	<p>unto men, but unto God. 5 And Ananias hearing these words fell down, and gave up the ghost].”</p>
<p>Acts 5:11</p> <p>11 And great fear came upon all the church, and upon as many as heard these things.</p>	<p>”...upon as many as heard <i>these things</i> [vv.3-10].”</p>
<p>Acts 5:24</p> <p>24 Now when the high priest and the captain of the temple and the chief priests heard these things, they doubted of them whereunto this would grow.</p>	<p>”...they doubted of <i>them</i> [these things they’d heard] whereunto <i>this</i> [unidentified] would grow.”</p> <p>”this” pertains to, at least, the incident at hand (5:16-23)</p>
<p>Acts 5:31</p> <p>31 Him hath God exalted with his right hand to be a Prince and a Saviour, for to give repentance to Israel, and forgiveness of sins.</p>	<p>”...with his right hand...” should be described as a WHERE, since it more accurately means “to” or “at” his right hand</p>
<p>Acts 5:34</p> <p>34 Then stood there up one in the council, a Pharisee, named Gamaliel, a doctor of the law, had in reputation among all the people, and commanded to put the apostles forth a little space;</p>	<p>for Bible Quizzing purposes, “Then stood there up one in the council,” pertains to <i>where</i> Gamaliel stood up and is not a descriptor of his membership as part of the council</p>
<p>Acts 6:5</p> <p>5 And the saying pleased the whole multitude: and they chose Stephen, a man full of faith and of the Holy Ghost, and Philip, and Prochorus, and Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicolas a proselyte of Antioch:</p>	<p>Prochorus, pronounced PRAWK-ur-us</p> <p>Nicanor, pronounced ny-KAY-nor</p> <p>Timon, pronounced TY-muhn</p> <p>Parmenas, pronounced par-meh-NASS</p>
<p>Acts 7:11</p> <p>11 Now there came a dearth over all the land of Egypt and Chanaan, and great affliction: and our fathers found no sustenance.</p>	<p>Chanaan, pronounced KAY-nuhn, an alternate spelling of Canaan from the Old Testament</p>
<p>Acts 7:16</p> <p>16 And were carried over into Sychem, and laid in the sepulchre that Abraham bought for a sum of money of the sons of Emmor the father of Sychem.</p>	<p>Sychem, pronounced sih-KEHM</p> <p>Emmor, pronounced eh-MOHR</p> <p>the term “father” refers to a chief or prince, not the family relationship</p>
<p>Acts 7:49</p> <p>49 Heaven is my throne, and earth is my footstool: what house will ye build me? saith the Lord: or what is the place of my rest?</p>	<p>”saith the Lord,” while spoken by the prophet Isaiah and repeated here by Stephen, will not be considered as spoken by the Lord Himself; therefore the second question is “or what is the place of my rest?”</p>
<p>Acts 7:54</p> <p>54 When they heard these things, they were cut to the heart, and they gnashed on him with their teeth.</p>	<p>”When they heard <i>these things</i> [vv.51-53]...”</p>
<p>Acts 8:12</p> <p>12 But when they believed Philip preaching the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women.</p>	<p>”...preaching the things concerning [both] the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ...”</p>
<p>Acts 8:26, 29</p> <p>26 And the angel of the Lord spake unto Philip, saying, Arise, and go toward the south unto the way that goeth down from Jerusalem unto Gaza, which is desert.</p> <p>...</p> <p>29 Then the Spirit said unto Philip, Go near, and join thyself to this chariot.</p>	<p>the “angel of the Lord” (a ministering spirit) is different than the (Holy) “Spirit,” both of which spake to Philip</p> <p>what the angel said was: “Arise, and go toward the south unto the way that goeth down from Jerusalem unto Gaza”</p> <p>”which is desert” describes the <i>way</i> between Jerusalem and Gaza, and is <u>not</u> spoken by the angel</p>

<p>Acts 8:27 27 And he arose and went: and, behold, a man of Ethiopia, an eunuch of great authority under Candace queen of the Ethiopians, who had the charge of all her treasure, and had come to Jerusalem for to worship,</p>	<p>"Candace" is a title given to the queen of the Ethiopians at that time; it is <u>not</u> a name</p>
<p>Acts 8:38 38 And he commanded the chariot to stand still: and they went down both into the water, both Philip and the eunuch; and he baptized him.</p>	<p>the eunuch commanded the chariot to stand still.</p>
<p>Acts 9:2 2 And desired of him letters to Damascus to the synagogues, that if he found any of this way, whether they were men or women, he might bring them bound unto Jerusalem.</p>	<p>"...any of <u>this</u> [unidentified pronoun] way...;" a general reference, rather than a specific use of the demonstrative pronoun "this" See sidenote in the Study Guide.</p>
<p>Acts 9:21 21 But all that heard him were amazed, and said; Is not this he that destroyed them which called on this name in Jerusalem, and came hither for that intent, that he might bring them bound unto the chief priests?</p>	<p>the intent in question will be defined as "that he might bring them bound unto the chief priests"</p>
<p>Acts 10:11 11 And saw heaven opened, and a certain vessel descending upon him, as it had been a great sheet knit at the four corners, and let down to the earth:</p>	<p>given that the variance was not noted until later in the quiz season, <i>both</i> "...descending <u>upon</u> him..." and "...descending <u>unto</u> him..." will be deemed acceptable quotations</p>
<p>Acts 10:13-16 13 And there came a voice to him, Rise, Peter; kill, and eat. 14 But Peter said, Not so, Lord; for I have never eaten any thing that is common or unclean. 15 And the voice spake unto him again the second time, What God hath cleansed, that call not thou common. 16 This was done thrice: and the vessel was received up again into heaven.</p>	<p>"This was done thrice" will refer to the actions within verses 13-15</p>
<p>Acts 10:24 24 And the morrow after they entered into Caesarea. And Cornelius waited for them, and had called together his kinsmen and near friends.</p>	<p>the "he" should be <i>omitted</i>, "...and he had called together his kinsmen and near friends." See announcement on seniorbiblequizzing.com.</p>
<p>Acts 10:36 36 The word which God sent unto the children of Israel, preaching peace by Jesus Christ: (he is Lord of all:)</p>	<p>the "word" that was preached will be understood as "peace by Jesus Christ"</p>
<p>Acts 10:37 37 That word, I say, ye know, which was published throughout all Judaea, and began from Galilee, after the baptism which John preached;</p>	<p>"...after the baptism which John preached;" will be defined as a WHEN</p>
<p>Acts 10:41 41 Not to all the people, but unto witnesses chosen before of God, even to us, who did eat and drink with him after he rose from the dead.</p>	<p>the "of" should be <i>included</i>, "Not to all the people, but unto witnesses chosen before of God..." See announcement on seniorbiblequizzing.com.</p>
<p>Acts 10:42 42 And he commanded us to preach unto the people, and to testify that it is he which was ordained of God to be the Judge of quick and dead.</p>	<p>"And he [Jesus] commanded us..."</p>
<p>Acts 13:2 2 As they ministered to the Lord, and fasted, the Holy Ghost said, Separate me Barnabas and Saul for the work whereunto I have called them.</p>	<p>"As they [Barnabas, and Simeon that was called Niger, and Lucius of Cyrene, and Manaen, which had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch, and Saul] ministered to the Lord..."</p>

Acts 13:6

6 And when they had gone through the isle unto Paphos, they found a certain sorcerer, a false prophet, a Jew, whose name was Barjesus:

Paphos, pronounced PAY-fohss

Acts 13:8

8 But Elymas the sorcerer (for so is his name by interpretation) withstood them, seeking to turn away the deputy from the faith.

Elymas, pronounced EL-uh-muhs

the interpretation of Elymas is "the sorcerer"